AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (Previously presented) A ready-to-use vapor hydrated hydrophilic catheter assembly, comprising:
 - a gas impermeable package containing:
 - a hydrophilic coated catheter, and
 - a vapor donating liquid,

wherein the ready-to-use condition of the catheter is due at least in part to the vapor donating liquid producing a vapor atmosphere within the gas impermeable package that activates at least a portion of the hydrophilic coated catheter.

- 2. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 1 wherein the gas impermeable package has a sealed cavity and the hydrophilic coated catheter and the vapor donating liquid are contained within the sealed cavity.
- 3. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 2 wherein the gas impermeable package is formed of a material having an impermeability sufficient for a product shelf life of between six months and five years.
- 4. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 2 wherein the gas impermeable package is formed of aluminum foil.
- 5. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 1 wherein the hydrophilic coated catheter comprises a tube having an outer surface with a hydrophilic coating on at least a portion thereof to be inserted into the urethra.

- 6. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 5 wherein the hydrophilic coated catheter further includes drainage eyes formed in the tube near a proximal insertion end thereof and a connector at a distal end thereof.
- 7. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 6 wherein the connector comprises a tapered funnel integrally associated with the distal end of the tube for connection to a device for collecting urine passing through the tube.
- 8. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 5 including an introducer tip at a proximal insertion end of the tube having slits to define flaps that flex outwardly to form an opening for passing the tube therethrough.
- 9. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 1 wherein the hydrophilic coated catheter includes a tube or shaft and a flexible, collapsible sleeve surrounding the tube or shaft to permit gripping the tube or shaft through the sleeve.
- 10. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 7 including a flexible sleeve formed of a vapor permeable material attached to the tapered funnel and extending so as to cover the proximal insertion end of the tube.
- 11. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 8 including a flexible sleeve formed of a vapor permeable material attached to the introducer tip and extending therefrom substantially to a distal end of the tube.
- 12. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 9 wherein the sleeve is formed of a vapor permeable, liquid impermeable collapsible polymeric film material surrounding the tube or shaft in closely spaced relation.

- 13. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 9 wherein the sleeve is formed of a material selected from polyethylene, plasticized PVC, polypropylene, polyurethane, and polyethylene oxide block copolymer.
- 14. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 12 wherein the polymeric film material is Medifilm 435 polyethylene oxide block copolymer having a thickness within a range of between 10 and 150 microns.
- 15. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 2 wherein the vapor donating liquid is water comprising no more than 20% of the volume of the sealed cavity of the package.
- 16. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 15 wherein the water is between 2 and 5ml which comprises no more than 5% of the volume of the sealed cavity in the package.
- 17. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 1 wherein the gas impermeable package has a peripheral seal entirely thereabout and holds a urine collection bag having an introducer tip at one end thereof.
- 18. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 17 wherein the hydrophilic coated catheter is positioned within the urine collection bag with a proximal insertion end thereof adjacent the introducer tip.
- 19. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 5 wherein the tube has a port associated with the proximal insertion end of the tube and a wide thin-walled sleeve covering the tube from end to end.

- 20. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 19 wherein the tube has a funnel integrally associated with a distal end of the tube and the sleeve is sized to receive the funnel as the tube is advanced through the port.
- 21. (Previously presented) A ready-to-use vapor hydrated hydrophilic catheter assembly, comprising:
 - a gas impermeable package containing:
 - a hydrophilic coated catheter,
 - a vapor donating liquid, and
 - a liquid sequestering element,

wherein the vapor donating liquid is substantially retained by the liquid sequestering element to minimize the spill hazard, while releasing a vapor to produce a vapor atmosphere within the gas impermeable package, such that the ready-to-use condition of the catheter is due at least in part to the vapor activating at least a portion of the hydrophilic coated catheter, so as to ensure delivery of the hydrophilic coated catheter to the user in a completely ready-to-use condition.

- 22. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 21 wherein the gas impermeable package has a sealed cavity, the package being formed of a material having a gas impermeability sufficient for a product shelf life in the range of between six months and five years, the hydrophilic coated catheter and the vapor donating liquid being contained within the sealed cavity.
- 23. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 21 wherein the hydrophilic coated catheter comprises a tube having an outer surface with a hydrophilic coating on at least a portion thereof to be inserted into the urethra including drainage eyes formed in the tube near a proximal insertion end thereof and a tapered funnel integrally associated with a distall end of the tube.

- 24. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 21 wherein the hydrophilic coated catheter includes a tube or shaft and a flexible, collapsible sleeve surrounding the tube or shaft to permit gripping the tube through the sleeve.
- 25. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 23 including a flexible sleeve formed of a vapor permeable material attached to the tapered funnel and extending so as to cover the proximal insertion end of the tube.
- 26. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 23 including a flexible sleeve formed of a vapor permeable material attached to an introducer tip at the proximal insertion end of the tube and extending substantially to a distal end thereof.
- 27. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 24 wherein the sleeve is formed of a vapor permeable, liquid impermeable collapsible polymeric film material surrounding the tube in closely spaced relation.
- 28. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 24 wherein the sleeve is formed of a material selected from polyethylene, plasticized PVC, polypropylene, polyurethane, and polyethylene oxide block copolymer.
- 29. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 27 wherein the polymeric film material is Medifilm 435 polyethylene oxide block copolymer having a thickness within a range of between 10 and 150 microns.
- 30. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 21 wherein the gas impermeable package includes a sealed cavity, the hydrophilic coated catheter, vapor donating liquid and liquid sequestering element are contained within the sealed cavity of the gas impermeable package, the liquid sequestering element comprises a material for absorbing the vapor donating liquid.

- 31. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 30 wherein the material for absorbing the vapor donating liquid is a fabric or foam capable of absorbing substantially all available vapor donating liquid and then releasing a vapor from the vapor donating liquid to produce and maintain a fully saturated vapor atmosphere in a state of equilibrium within the sealed cavity.
- 32. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 31 wherein the hydrophilic coated catheter comprises a tube having an outer surface with a hydrophilic coating on at least a portion thereof and the fabric or foam is substantially coextensive and in alignment with the tube within the sealed cavity to release the vapor in proximity to the tube for uptake by the hydrophilic coating.
- 33. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 32 wherein the fabric or foam is loosely positioned within the sealed cavity and is sized to contain a sufficient quantity of the vapor donating liquid to maintain a fully saturated vapor atmosphere within the sealed cavity in order to ensure continuous hydration of the hydrophilic coated catheter throughout an acceptable product shelf life.
- 34. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 32 wherein the fabric or foam is fixedly positioned within the sealed cavity and is sized to contain a sufficient quantity of the vapor donating liquid to maintain a fully saturated vapor atmosphere within the sealed cavity in order to ensure continuous hydration of the hydrophilic coated catheter throughout an acceptable product shelf life.
- 35. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 30 wherein the material for absorbing the vapor donating liquid has interstices for holding the vapor donating liquid and releasing a vapor therefrom, and has a surface facing inwardly of the sealed cavity which permits release of the vapor while at the same time preventing the material from sticking to the hydrophilic catheter.

- 36. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 35 wherein the material comprises a microfiber meltblown fabric having a high capillary draw for the vapor donating liquid and the surface is covered with a material selected from a thin elastomeric hydrogel film, a polymeric netting, and a perforated plastic film.
- 37. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 35 wherein the material comprises a microfiber meltblown fabric having a high capillary draw for the vapor donating liquid and the surface is treated so as to cause the microfiber meltblown fabric to be liquid wettable with the vapor donating liquid.
- 38. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 21 wherein the gas impermeable package includes a sealed cavity, the hydrophilic coated catheter, vapor donating liquid and liquid sequestering element are contained within the sealed cavity of the gas impermeable package, the liquid sequestering element comprises a gas permeable pouch containing the vapor donating liquid.
- 39. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 38 wherein the gas permeable pouch is formed of a liquid impermeable material and is sized to contain a quantity of the vapor donating liquid sufficient to form a fully saturated vapor atmosphere within the sealed cavity in order to ensure continuous hydration of the hydrophilic coated catheter throughout an acceptable product shelf life.
- 40. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 21 wherein the gas impermeable package has a peripheral seal entirely thereabout and holds a urine collection bag having an introducer tip at one end thereof.
- 41. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 40 wherein the hydrophilic coated catheter is positioned within the urine collection bag with a proximal insertion end thereof adjacent the introducer tip.

- 42. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 41 wherein the liquid sequestering element is substantially coextensive and in alignment with the tube to release the vapor in proximity to the tube for uptake by the hydrophilic coating
- 43. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 23 wherein the tube has a port associated with the proximal insertion end of the tube and a wide thin-walled sleeve covering the tube from end to end.
- 44. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 43 wherein the sleeve extends from the proximal insertion end of the tube to the tapered funnel and is sized to receive the tapered funnel as the tube is advanced through the port.
- 45. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 44 wherein the liquid sequestering element is substantially coextensive and in alignment with the tube to release the vapor in proximity to the tube for uptake by the hydrophilic coating.
- 46. (Previously presented) A ready-to-use vapor hydrated hydrophilic catheter assembly manufactured by a process comprising the steps of:

providing a gas impermeable package having a cavity therein;
placing a hydrophilic coated catheter in the cavity of the package;
placing a vapor donating liquid in the cavity of the package;
sealing the cavity with the catheter and liquid in the package; and

delaying distribution of the package after sealing the cavity with the catheter and liquid therein for a period of time sufficient:

i) for the vapor donating liquid to produce a vapor atmosphere within the cavity; and

- ii) for the vapor atmosphere to complete the activation of the hydrophilic coated catheter by hydrating at least a portion thereof.
- 47. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 46 wherein the package is formed of a material having a gas impermeability sufficient for a product shelf life in the range of between six months and five years.
- 48. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 46 wherein the hydrophilic coated catheter comprises a tube or shaft having an outer surface with a hydrophilic coating on at least a portion thereof to be inserted into the urethra.
- 49. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 48 wherein the tube includes drainage eyes formed near a proximal insertion end thereof and a tapered funnel integrally associated with the distal end thereof.
- 50. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 48 including a flexible, collapsible sleeve surrounding the tube or shaft to permit gripping the tube or shaft through the sleeve to assist in inserting the tube or shaft into the urethra.
- 51. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 49 including a flexible sleeve formed of a vapor permeable material attached to the tapered funnel and extending so as to cover the proximal insertion end of the tube or shaft.
- 52. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 49 including a flexible sleeve formed of a vapor permeable material attached to an introducer tip at the proximal insertion end of the tube and extending substantially to a distal end thereof.

- 53. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 48 wherein the assembly includes a flexible, collapsible sleeve formed of a vapor permeable, liquid impermeable polymeric film material closely surrounding the tube from end to end.
- 54. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 50 wherein the sleeve is formed of a material selected from polyethylene, plasticized PVC, polypropylene, polyurethane, and polyethylene oxide block copolymer.
- 55. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 50 wherein the polymeric film material of the sleeve is Medifilm 435 polyethylene oxide block copolymer having a thickness within a range of between 10 and 150 microns.
- 56. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 48 wherein the vapor donating liquid is water comprising no more than 20% of the volume of a tube receiving portion of the sealed cavity of the package.
- 57. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 48 wherein the vapor donating liquid is water of between 2 and 5ml which comprises no more than 5% of the volume of a tube receiving portion of the sealed cavity of the package.
- 58. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 46 where the distribution of the package is delayed for a determinable period of time of between 1 and 45 days to ensure complete vapor hydration of the hydrophilic coated catheter.
- 59. (Previously presented) A ready-to-use vapor hydrated hydrophilic catheter assembly, comprising:
 - a gas impermeable package containing:
 - a hydrophilic coated catheter, and

a vapor donating liquid,

such that the vapor donating liquid in the assembly is incapable of reliably hydrating the hydrophilic coated catheter by direct liquid contact, and wherein the vapor donating liquid produces a vapor atmosphere within the gas impermeable package to activate at least a portion of the hydrophilic coated catheter, to ensure delivery of the hydrophilic coated catheter to the user in a completely ready-to-use condition.

- 60. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 59 wherein the gas impermeable package has a sealed cavity, the package being formed of a material having a gas impermeability sufficient for a product shelf life in the range of between six months and five years, the hydrophilic coated catheter and the vapor donating liquid being contained within the sealed cavity.
- 61. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 59 wherein the hydrophilic coated catheter comprises a tube having an outer surface with a hydrophilic coating on at least a portion thereof to be inserted into the urethra including drainage eyes formed in the tube near a proximal insertion end thereof and a tapered funnel integrally associated with the distal end of the tube.
- 62. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 59 wherein the hydrophilic coated catheter includes a tube or shaft and a flexible, collapsible sleeve surrounding the tube or shaft to permit gripping the tube or shaft through the sleeve.
- 63. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 62 wherein the sleeve is formed of a material selected from polyethylene, plasticized PVC, polypropylene, polyurethane, and polyethylene oxide block copolymer.
- 64. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 62 wherein the sleeve is formed of Medifilm 435 polyethylene oxide block copolymer having a thickness within a range of between 10 and 150 microns.

- 65. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 60 wherein the vapor donating liquid is water comprising no more than 20% of the volume of the sealed cavity of the package.
- 66. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 60 wherein the vapor donating liquid is water of between 2 and 5ml comprising no more than 5% of the volume of the sealed cavity of the package.
- 67. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 60 including a liquid sequestering element disposed within the sealed cavity of the gas impermeable package for reducing the spill hazard.
- 68. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 67 wherein the liquid sequestering element is a fabric or foam capable of absorbing substantially all the vapor donating liquid and releasing a vapor from the vapor donating liquid to produce and maintain a fully saturated vapor atmosphere in a state of equilibrium within the sealed cavity.
- 69. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 68 wherein the hydrophilic coated catheter comprises a tube having an outer surface with a hydrophilic coating on at least a portion thereof and the fabric or foam is substantially coextensive and in alignment with the tube within the sealed cavity to release the vapor in proximity to the tube for uptake by the hydrophilic coating.
- 70. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 69 wherein the fabric or foam is loosely positioned within the sealed cavity and is sized to contain a sufficient quantity of the vapor donating liquid to maintain a fully saturated vapor atmosphere within the sealed cavity in order to ensure continuous hydration of the hydrophilic coated catheter throughout an acceptable product shelf life.

- 71. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 69 wherein the fabric or foam is fixedly positioned within the sealed cavity and is sized to contain a sufficient quantity of the vapor donating liquid to maintain a fully saturated vapor atmosphere within the sealed cavity in order to ensure continuous hydration of the hydrophilic coated catheter throughout an acceptable product shelf life.
- 72. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 67 wherein the liquid sequestering element is formed of a material having interstices for holding the vapor donating liquid and releasing a vapor therefrom, and the material has a surface facing inwardly of the sealed cavity which permits release of the vapor while at the same time preventing the material from sticking to the hydrophilic catheter.
- 73. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 72 wherein the material comprises a microfiber meltblown fabric having a high capillary draw for the vapor donating liquid and the surface includes a covering selected from a thin elastomeric hydrogel film, a polymeric netting, and a perforated plastic film.
- 74. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 72 wherein the material comprises a microfiber meltblown fabric having a high capillary draw for the vapor donating liquid and the surface is treated so as to cause the microfiber meltblown fabric to be liquid wettable with a vapor donating liquid.
- 75. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 67 wherein the liquid sequestering element comprises a gas permeable pouch capable of holding substantially all the vapor donating liquid and releasing a vapor from the vapor donating liquid to produce and maintain a fully saturated vapor atmosphere in a state of equilibrium within the sealed cavity.
- 76. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 75 wherein the gas permeable pouch is formed of a liquid impermeable material sized to contain sufficient vapor

Application No. 11/096,446 Amendment dated February 2, 2007

donating liquid to form a fully saturated vapor atmosphere within the sealed cavity to ensure continuous hydration of the hydrophilic coated catheter throughout an acceptable product shelf life.

- 77. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 59 wherein the gas impermeable package has a peripheral seal entirely thereabout and holds a urine collection bag having an introducer tip at one end thereof.
- 78. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 77 wherein the hydrophilic coated catheter is positioned within the urine collection bag with a proximal insertion end thereof adjacent the introducer tip.
- 79. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 78 wherein the liquid sequestering element is substantially coextensive and in alignment with the tube to release the vapor in proximity to the tube for uptake by the hydrophilic coating
- 80. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 61 wherein the tube has a port associated with the proximal insertion end of the tube and a wide thin walled sleeve covering the tube from end to end.
- 81. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 80 wherein the sleeve extends from the proximal insertion end of the tube to the tapered funnel and is sized to receive the tapered funnel as the tube is advanced through the port.
- 82. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 81 including a liquid sequestering element substantially coextensive and in alignment with the tube to release the vapor in proximity to the tube for uptake by the hydrophilic coating.

Application No. 11/096,446 Amendment dated February 2, 2007

83. (Previously presented) A method of producing a ready-to-use vapor hydrated hydrophilic catheter assembly comprising the steps of:

providing a gas impermeable package having a cavity therein;
coating at least a portion of a catheter with a hydrophilic coating;
placing the hydrophilic coated catheter in the cavity of the package;
placing a vapor donating liquid in the cavity of the package;
sealing the cavity with the catheter and liquid in the cavity of the package;
delaying distribution of the package after sealing the cavity with the catheter
and liquid therein for a period of time sufficient:

- i) for the vapor donating liquid to produce a vapor atmosphere within the cavity; and
- ii) for the vapor atmosphere to complete the activation of the hydrophilic coated catheter.
- 84. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly production method of claim 83 wherein the package provided is formed of a material having a gas impermeability sufficient for a product shelf life in the range of between six months and five years.
- 85. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly production method of claim 83 wherein the catheter coated with the hydrophilic coating comprises a tube and at least the portion of the tube to be inserted into the urethra is coated with the hydrophilic coating.
- 86. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly production method of claim 85 wherein the tube of the catheter includes drainage eyes formed near a proximal insertion end thereof and a tapered funnel integrally associated with a distal end thereof.

- 87. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly production method of claim 83 wherein the hydrophilic coated catheter includes a tube or shaft and a flexible, collapsible sleeve surrounding the tube or shaft to permit gripping the tube or shaft through the sleeve.
- 88. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly production method of claim 87 wherein the sleeve is formed of a material selected from polyethylene, plasticized PVC, polypropylene, polyurethane, and polyethylene oxide block copolymer.
- 89. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly production method of claim 87 wherein the sleeve is formed of Medifilm 435 polyethylene oxide block copolymer having a thickness within a range of between 10 and 150 microns.
- 90. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 83 wherein the vapor donating liquid is water comprising no more than 20% of the volume of the sealed cavity of the package.
- 91. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly production method of claim 83 wherein the vapor donating liquid is water of between 2 and 5ml comprising no more than 5% of the volume of a tube receiving portion of the sealed cavity in the package.
- 92. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly production method of claim 83 wherein the distribution of the package is delayed for a determinable period of time of between 1 and 45 days to ensure complete vapor hydration of the hydrophilic coated catheter.
- 93. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly production method of claim 83 including the step of placing a liquid sequestering element in the cavity of the package for absorbing the vapor donating liquid and producing a vapor atmosphere therein.

- 94. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly production method of claim 93 wherein the liquid sequestering element is substantially coextensive and in alignment with the tube within the cavity to release the vapor in close proximity to the tube.
- 95. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly production method of claim 94 wherein the liquid sequestering element is loosely positioned within the cavity and contains enough vapor donating liquid to maintain a fully saturated vapor atmosphere.
- 96. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly production method of claim 94 wherein the liquid sequestering element is fixedly positioned within the sealed cavity and contains enough vapor donating liquid to maintain a fully saturated vapor atmosphere.
- 97. (Previously presented) A method for ensuring delivery of a hydrophilic catheter to an end user in a completely ready-to-use condition, comprising the steps of:

providing the hydrophilic catheter within a gas impermeable package together with a vapor donating liquid;

determining the times required for:

- i) the vapor donating liquid to form a vapor atmospherein a state of equilibrium within the package; and
- ii) the vapor donating liquid to complete the activation of the hydrophilic catheter within the package; and

delaying the distribution of the hydrophilic catheter to the end user for at least the longer of the times so determined;

whereby the hydrophilic catheter is in a completely ready-to-use condition when it is delivered to the end user.

98. (Previously presented) The hydrophilic catheter delivery method of claim 97 wherein the hydrophilic catheter is completely hydrated in the package by the vapor atmosphere that is formed by the vapor donating liquid.

- 99. (Previously presented) The hydrophilic catheter delivery method of claim 97 wherein the package provided is formed of a material having a gas impermeability sufficient for a product shelf life in the range of between six months and five years.
- 100. (Previously presented) The hydrophilic catheter delivery method of claim 97 wherein the hydrophilic catheter comprises a tube and a funnel and at least the portion of the tube to be inserted into the urethra is coated with a hydrophilic coating.
- 101. (Previously presented) The hydrophilic catheter delivery method of claim 100 wherein the tube of the hydrophilic catheter includes drainage eyes formed near a proximal insertion end thereof and a tapered funnel integrally associated with a distal end thereof.
- 102. (Previously presented) The hydrophilic catheter delivery method of claim 97 wherein the hydrophilic catheter comprises a tube or a shaft and includes a flexible, collapsible sleeve surrounding the tube or shaft to permit gripping the tube or shaft through the sleeve.
- 103. (Previously presented) The hydrophilic catheter delivery method of claim 102 wherein the sleeve is formed of a polymeric material selected from polyethylene, plasticized PVC, polypropylene, polyurethane, and polyethylene oxide block copolymer.
- 104. (Previously presented) The hydrophilic catheter delivery method of claim 102 wherein the sleeve is formed of Medifilm 435 polyethylene oxide block copolymer having a thickness within a range of between 10 and 150 microns.
- 105. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 97 wherein the vapor donating liquid is water comprising no more than 20% of the volume of the sealed cavity of the package.

- 106. (Previously presented) The hydrophilic catheter delivery method of claim 97 wherein the vapor donating liquid is water of between 2 and 5ml comprising no more than 5% of the volume of a tube receiving portion of the sealed cavity in the package.
- 107. (Previously presented) The hydrophilic catheter delivery method of claim 97 wherein the distribution of the package is delayed for a determinable period of time of between 1 and 45 days to ensure complete vapor hydration of the hydrophilic coated catheter.
- 108. (Previously presented) The hydrophilic catheter delivery method of claim 97 including the step of placing a liquid sequestering element in the cavity of the package for absorbing the vapor donating liquid and producing a vapor atmosphere therein.
- 109. (Previously presented) The hydrophilic catheter delivery method of claim 108 wherein the liquid sequestering element is substantially coextensive and in alignment with the tube within the cavity to release the vapor in close proximity to the tube.
- 110. (Previously presented) The hydrophilic catheter delivery method of claim 109 wherein the liquid sequestering element is loosely positioned within the cavity and contains enough vapor donating liquid to maintain a fully saturated vapor atmosphere.
- 111. (Previously presented) The hydrophilic catheter delivery method of claim 109 wherein the liquid sequestering element is fixedly positioned within the sealed cavity and contains enough vapor donating liquid to maintain a fully saturated vapor atmosphere.
- 112. (Previously presented) A ready-to-use vapor hydrated hydrophilic catheter assembly, comprising:
- a gas impermeable package containing a hydrophilic coated catheter having an introducer tip and a sleeve.

- 113. (Previously presented) The catheter assembly of claim 112, wherein the package contains a vapor donating liquid, and wherein the ready-to-use condition of the catheter is due at least in part to the vapor donating liquid producing a vapor atmosphere within the gas impermeable package that activates at least a portion of the hydrophilic coated catheter.
- 114. (New) An intermittent catheter product comprising a gas impermeable package containing a hydrophilic coated catheter having an introducer tip.
- 115. (New) An intermittent catheter product comprising a gas impermeable package containing a hydrophilic coated catheter having a sleeve.
- 116. (New) An intermittent catheter product comprising a hydrophilic coated catheter, a sleeve surrounding the catheter, and a tip attached to the sleeve.
- 117. (New) An intermittent catheter product comprising a catheter having a hydrophilic coated portion and a liquid sequestering element substantially in alignment with the catheter and substantially coextensive with at least the hydrophilic coated portion thereof.
- 118. (New) An intermittent catheter product comprising a gas impermeable package containing a catheter having a hydrophilic coated portion, a liquid, and a gas permeable, liquid impermeable film separating the liquid from at least the hydrophilic coated portion of the catheter.
- 119. (New) The intermittent catheter product of claim 118 wherein the liquid is contained within a liquid sequestering element and the gas permeable, liquid impermeable film is a sleeve covering at least the hydrophilic coated portion of the catheter.

Application No. 11/096,446 Attorney Docket No.: 30056/38163B Amendment dated February 2, 2007

120. (New) The intermittent catheter product of claim 118 wherein the liquid is contained within a liquid sequestering element and the gas permeable, liquid impermeable film is on a surface of the liquid sequestering element facing the hydrophilic coated portion of the catheter.

121. (New) An intermittent catheter product comprising a gas impermeable package containing a catheter having a hydrophilic coated portion and a liquid, the gas impermeable package having a gas permeable, liquid impermeable film therein, the film separating the liquid from at least the hydrophilic coated portion of the catheter.